



The Soldier and the State in Africa

By Samuel Decalo

Book summary & main ideas

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Summary:

The Soldier and the State in Africa, written by Samuel Decalo, is a comprehensive study of the military in African politics. It examines the role of the military in the political development of African countries, from the colonial period to the present day. Decalo argues that the military has been a major factor in the political development of African countries, and that its influence has been both positive and negative. He examines the various ways in which the military has been involved in politics, from coups and civil wars to the establishment of authoritarian regimes. He also looks at the role of the military in economic development, and the impact of military rule on civil society. Finally, he considers

the implications of the military's involvement in politics for the future of African countries.

Decalo begins by examining the historical roots of the military in African politics. He looks at the role of the military in the colonial period, when it was used to maintain control over the colonies. He then examines the role of the military in the post-colonial period, when it was used to suppress opposition and maintain the status quo. He also looks at the role of the military in the Cold War, when it was used to support pro-Western regimes. He argues that the military has been a major factor in the political development of African countries, and that its influence has been both positive and negative.

Decalo then examines the various ways in which the military has been involved in politics. He looks at the role of the military

in coups and civil wars, and the establishment of authoritarian regimes. He also looks at the role of the military in economic development, and the impact of military rule on civil society. He argues that the military has been a major factor in the political development of African countries, and that its influence has been both positive and negative.

Finally, Decalo considers the implications of the military's involvement in politics for the future of African countries. He argues that the military has been a major factor in the political development of African countries, and that its influence has been both positive and negative. He argues that the military must be held accountable for its actions, and that it must be integrated into the political process in order to ensure a stable and democratic future for African countries.

The *Soldier and the State in Africa* is an important and comprehensive study of the military in African politics. Decalo's analysis is thorough and insightful, and his conclusions are thought-provoking. It is an essential read for anyone interested in the role of the military in African politics.

Main ideas:

#1. *The military in Africa has been a major factor in the political development of the continent. Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been a major factor in the political development of the continent.*

The military in Africa has been a major factor in the political development of the continent. This is due to the fact that the military has been a major player in the politics of many African countries since the

end of colonialism. In many cases, the military has been the primary source of political power, and has been used to maintain control over the population. In some cases, the military has been used to suppress opposition and to maintain the status quo. In other cases, the military has been used to promote economic development and to protect the interests of the ruling elite. In all cases, the military has been a major factor in the political development of the continent.

The book *The Soldier and the State in Africa* by Samuel Decalo examines the role of the military in African politics. It argues that the military has been a major factor in the political development of the continent. The book looks at the various ways in which the military has been used to maintain control, promote economic development, and protect the interests of the ruling elite. It also looks at the various

ways in which the military has been used to suppress opposition and to maintain the status quo. The book also examines the various ways in which the military has been used to promote democracy and to protect human rights.

The Soldier and the State in Africa provides an in-depth analysis of the role of the military in African politics. It provides an important insight into the role of the military in the political development of the continent. It is an essential read for anyone interested in understanding the role of the military in African politics.

#2. *The military has been used to maintain political stability in Africa.*
Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to maintain political stability in Africa.

In *The Soldier and the State in Africa*, Samuel Decalo examines the role of the military in African politics. He argues that the military has been used to maintain political stability in Africa, and that this has been a major factor in the continent's development. Decalo argues that the military has been used to protect the interests of the ruling elite, and to suppress dissent and opposition. He also argues that the military has been used to maintain the status quo, and to prevent the emergence of new political forces. Decalo further argues that the military has been used to ensure the continuity of the existing political system, and to prevent the emergence of new political forces. Finally, Decalo argues that the military has been used to protect the interests of the ruling elite, and to ensure the stability of the political system.

Decalo's analysis of the role of the military

in African politics is an important contribution to the literature on the subject. He argues that the military has been used to maintain political stability in Africa, and that this has been a major factor in the continent's development. Decallos analysis is based on a thorough examination of the historical and contemporary evidence, and his conclusions are well-supported. His analysis is also important in that it provides a valuable insight into the role of the military in African politics, and the implications of this role for the continent's development.

#3. The military has been used to suppress opposition and consolidate power. Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to suppress opposition and consolidate power.

In *The Soldier and the State in Africa*, Samuel Decalo examines the role of the military in African politics. He argues that the military has been used to suppress opposition and consolidate power. Decalo argues that the military has been used to control the population, to maintain the status quo, and to protect the interests of the ruling elite. He also argues that the military has been used to manipulate the political process, to ensure that the ruling elite remain in power. Decalo further argues that the military has been used to repress dissent and to prevent the emergence of a viable opposition. He concludes that the military has been a major factor in the political and economic development of African countries.

Decalo argues that the military has been used to maintain the status quo and to protect the interests of the ruling elite. He argues that the military has been used to

repress dissent and to prevent the emergence of a viable opposition. He also argues that the military has been used to manipulate the political process, to ensure that the ruling elite remain in power. Decalo further argues that the military has been used to control the population, to maintain the status quo, and to protect the interests of the ruling elite.

Decalo argues that the military has been a major factor in the political and economic development of African countries. He argues that the military has been used to maintain the status quo and to protect the interests of the ruling elite. He also argues that the military has been used to repress dissent and to prevent the emergence of a viable opposition. He concludes that the military has been a major factor in the political and economic development of African countries.

#4. *The military has been used to protect the interests of the ruling elite. Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to protect the interests of the ruling elite.*

In *The Soldier and the State in Africa*, Samuel Decalo examines the role of the military in African politics. He argues that the military has been used to protect the interests of the ruling elite, rather than to serve the people. Decalo argues that the military has been used to suppress dissent, maintain the status quo, and protect the interests of the ruling class. He also argues that the military has been used to control the population, to ensure that the ruling elite remain in power. Decalo further argues that the military has been used to maintain the economic and political power of the ruling elite, and to

ensure that the interests of the ruling class are protected. He concludes that the military has been used to protect the interests of the ruling elite, rather than to serve the people.

Decalos analysis of the role of the military in African politics is an important contribution to the literature on the subject. He provides a comprehensive overview of the role of the military in African politics, and his arguments are well-supported by evidence. His analysis is also timely, as the role of the military in African politics is increasingly being questioned. Decalos work provides an important insight into the role of the military in African politics, and his arguments are essential reading for anyone interested in the subject.

#5. The military has been used to promote economic development. Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in

Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to promote economic development.

In *The Soldier and the State in Africa*, Samuel Decalo examines the role of the military in African politics. He argues that the military has been used to promote economic development in many African countries. Decalo argues that the military has been used to create a sense of national unity and to provide a sense of security for citizens. He also argues that the military has been used to promote economic development by providing a stable environment for investment and by providing a source of labor for infrastructure projects. Decalo further argues that the military has been used to promote economic development by providing a source of capital for investment and by providing a source of expertise in

areas such as engineering and management.

Decalo also argues that the military has been used to promote economic development by providing a source of political stability. He argues that the military has been used to ensure that governments remain in power and to prevent coups and other forms of political unrest. He also argues that the military has been used to promote economic development by providing a source of expertise in areas such as finance and economics. Finally, Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote economic development by providing a source of security for citizens and by providing a sense of national unity.

#6. *The military has been used to promote national unity. Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa*

examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to promote national unity.

In *The Soldier and the State in Africa*, Samuel Decalo examines the role of the military in African politics. He argues that the military has been used to promote national unity, and that this has been a major factor in the success of many African nations. Decalo argues that the military has been used to create a sense of national identity, and to provide a sense of security and stability. He also argues that the military has been used to protect the interests of the ruling elite, and to suppress dissent and opposition. Decalo argues that the military has been used to maintain the status quo, and to prevent the emergence of new political forces. He also argues that the military has been used to promote economic development, and to

provide a sense of order and stability. Finally, Decalo argues that the military has been used to protect the interests of the ruling elite, and to ensure that their power is not challenged.

Decalos analysis of the role of the military in African politics is an important contribution to the literature on the subject. He provides a comprehensive overview of the role of the military in African politics, and his arguments are well-supported by evidence. Decalos analysis is also important because it highlights the importance of the military in promoting national unity and stability. His analysis also provides insight into the ways in which the military has been used to protect the interests of the ruling elite, and to suppress dissent and opposition. Decalos analysis is an important contribution to the literature on the role of the military in African politics, and it provides an

important perspective on the role of the military in promoting national unity and stability.

#7. *The military has been used to protect the state from external threats.*
Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to protect the state from external threats.

The Soldier and the State in Africa, by Samuel Decalo, examines the role of the military in African politics. Decalo argues that the military has been used to protect the state from external threats, such as foreign invasions, civil wars, and coups. He also argues that the military has been used to maintain internal stability, by suppressing dissent and enforcing the rule of law. Decalo further argues that the military has been used to promote

economic development, by providing security for investments and infrastructure projects. Finally, Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote political stability, by providing a source of legitimacy for the state and its leaders.

Decalos analysis of the role of the military in African politics is based on a wide range of sources, including interviews with military officers, government documents, and scholarly research. He argues that the military has been used to protect the state from external threats, but also to maintain internal stability, promote economic development, and promote political stability. Decalos analysis provides an important insight into the role of the military in African politics, and its implications for the future of the continent.

#8. *The military has been used to promote foreign policy objectives. Idea*

Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to promote foreign policy objectives.

In *The Soldier and the State in Africa*, Samuel Decalo examines the role of the military in African politics. He argues that the military has been used to promote foreign policy objectives, such as maintaining regional stability, protecting national interests, and advancing economic development. Decalo argues that the military has been used to support the interests of the ruling elite, and that this has had a detrimental effect on the development of democracy in Africa. He also argues that the military has been used to suppress dissent and to maintain the status quo. Decalo argues that the military has been used to support the interests of the ruling elite, and that this

has had a detrimental effect on the development of democracy in Africa.

Decalo argues that the military has been used to maintain regional stability, protect national interests, and advance economic development. He argues that the military has been used to suppress dissent and to maintain the status quo. He also argues that the military has been used to support the interests of the ruling elite, and that this has had a detrimental effect on the development of democracy in Africa.

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interests of the ruling elite, and that this has had a detrimental effect on the development of democracy in Africa. Decalo argues that the military has been used to suppress dissent and to maintain the status quo. He argues that the military has been used to support the interests of the ruling elite, and that this has had a detrimental effect on the development of democracy in Africa.

#9. *The military has been used to support the political system. Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to support the political system.*

The Soldier and the State in Africa, by Samuel Decalo, examines the role of the military in African politics. Decalo argues that the military has been used to support

the political system, and that this has had a significant impact on the development of African states. He argues that the military has been used to maintain the status quo, to protect the interests of the ruling elite, and to suppress dissent. He also argues that the military has been used to promote economic development, to provide security, and to protect the nation from external threats. Decalo further argues that the military has been used to promote national unity and to foster a sense of national identity. Finally, he argues that the military has been used to promote social and political stability, and to ensure the continuity of the state.

Decalos analysis of the role of the military in African politics is an important contribution to the literature on the subject. He provides a comprehensive overview of the various ways in which the military has been used to support the political system,

and he offers a nuanced analysis of the implications of this for African states. His work is an invaluable resource for those interested in understanding the role of the military in African politics, and its implications for the development of African states.

#10. *The military has been used to control the population. Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to control the population.*

In *The Soldier and the State in Africa*, Samuel Decalo examines the role of the military in African politics. He argues that the military has been used to control the population, and that this has had a significant impact on the development of African states. Decalo argues that the

military has been used to suppress dissent, to maintain the status quo, and to protect the interests of the ruling elite. He also argues that the military has been used to manipulate the political process, to ensure that the ruling elite remain in power. Decalo further argues that the military has been used to repress the population, to prevent them from exercising their rights and freedoms, and to prevent them from challenging the status quo. Finally, Decalo argues that the military has been used to maintain the economic and social order, to ensure that the ruling elite remain in control of the resources of the state.

Decalos analysis of the role of the military in African politics is an important contribution to the literature on the subject. He provides a comprehensive overview of the role of the military in African politics, and his arguments are well-supported by

evidence. His analysis is also timely, as the role of the military in African politics is increasingly being questioned in the wake of the Arab Spring and other popular uprisings. Decalos work provides an important insight into the role of the military in African politics, and it is essential reading for anyone interested in the subject.

#11. *The military has been used to promote regional integration. Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to promote regional integration.*

In *The Soldier and the State in Africa*, Samuel Decalo examines the role of the military in African politics. He argues that the military has been used to promote regional integration, as well as to maintain

political stability and economic development. Decalo argues that the military has been used to create a sense of national identity and to foster a sense of unity among African nations. He also argues that the military has been used to protect the interests of the ruling elite, and to suppress dissent and opposition. Decalo further argues that the military has been used to promote economic development, by providing resources and infrastructure for development projects. Finally, Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote regional integration, by providing a common security framework and by facilitating the exchange of goods and services between African nations.

Decalo argues that the military has been an important factor in promoting regional integration in Africa. He argues that the military has provided a common security framework, which has enabled African

nations to cooperate and coordinate their efforts in areas such as trade, security, and development. He also argues that the military has been used to facilitate the exchange of goods and services between African nations, which has helped to promote economic development and regional integration. Finally, Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote a sense of national identity and unity among African nations, which has helped to foster regional integration.

#12. *The military has been used to protect the interests of foreign powers. Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to protect the interests of foreign powers.*

In *The Soldier and the State in Africa*, Samuel Decalo examines the role of the

military in African politics. He argues that the military has been used to protect the interests of foreign powers, rather than to serve the interests of the African people. Decalo argues that the military has been used to suppress popular movements, to maintain the status quo, and to protect the interests of foreign powers. He also argues that the military has been used to maintain the power of the ruling elite, and to ensure that the interests of foreign powers are not threatened. Decalo argues that the military has been used to maintain the power of the ruling elite, and to ensure that the interests of foreign powers are not threatened.

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has been used to maintain the power of the ruling elite, and to ensure that the interests of foreign powers are not threatened.

#13. *The military has been used to promote economic exploitation. Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to promote economic exploitation.*

In *The Soldier and the State in Africa*, Samuel Decalo examines the role of the military in African politics. He argues that the military has been used to promote economic exploitation, with the military serving as a tool of the ruling elite to maintain their power and wealth. Decalo argues that the military has been used to suppress dissent, to repress opposition, and to control the population. He also

argues that the military has been used to protect the interests of foreign investors, to ensure the flow of resources to the ruling elite, and to maintain the status quo.

Decalo argues that the military has been used to create an environment of fear and insecurity, which has enabled the ruling elite to maintain their power and wealth. He also argues that the military has been used to create a culture of violence and impunity, which has enabled the ruling elite to continue to exploit the population.

Decalo argues that the military has been used to create a system of patronage and corruption, which has enabled the ruling elite to maintain their power and wealth. He also argues that the military has been used to create a system of patronage and corruption, which has enabled the ruling elite to maintain their power and wealth. He argues that the military has been used to create a system of patronage and

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In conclusion, Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote economic exploitation in Africa. He argues that the military has been used to suppress dissent, to repress opposition, and to control the population. He also argues that the military has been used to protect the interests of foreign investors, to ensure the flow of resources to the ruling elite, and to maintain the status quo. He argues that the military has been used to create an environment of fear and insecurity, which has enabled the ruling elite to maintain their power and wealth. He also argues that the military has been used to create a system of patronage and corruption, which has enabled the ruling elite to maintain their power and wealth.

#14. *The military has been used to suppress civil unrest. Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa*

examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to suppress civil unrest.

In *The Soldier and the State in Africa*, Samuel Decalo examines the role of the military in African politics. He argues that the military has been used to suppress civil unrest, often in the service of authoritarian regimes. Decalo argues that the military has been used to maintain the status quo, to protect the interests of the ruling elite, and to prevent the emergence of a more democratic society. He also argues that the military has been used to repress opposition movements and to prevent the emergence of a more equitable society. Decalo argues that the military has been used to maintain the power of the ruling elite and to prevent the emergence of a more democratic society.

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society. Decalo also argues that the military has been used to repress opposition movements and to prevent the emergence of a more equitable society. He argues that the military has been used to maintain the power of the ruling elite and to prevent the emergence of a more democratic society.

Decalos analysis of the role of the military in African politics is an important contribution to the literature on the subject. He argues that the military has been used to suppress civil unrest, often in the service of authoritarian regimes. He argues that the military has been used to maintain the status quo, to protect the interests of the ruling elite, and to prevent the emergence of a more democratic society. Decalo also argues that the military has been used to repress opposition movements and to prevent the emergence of a more equitable society.

His analysis of the role of the military in African politics is an important contribution to the literature on the subject.

#15. *The military has been used to promote authoritarianism. Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to promote authoritarianism.*

In *The Soldier and the State in Africa*, Samuel Decalo examines the role of the military in African politics. He argues that the military has been used to promote authoritarianism, with the military often taking on a central role in the political system. Decalo argues that the military has been used to suppress dissent, to maintain control over the population, and to ensure the survival of the ruling elite. He also argues that the military has been

used to promote economic development, with the military often taking on a role in the economy. Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote a sense of national identity, with the military often taking on a role in the cultural and social life of the nation.

Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote authoritarianism in a number of ways. He argues that the military has been used to suppress dissent, to maintain control over the population, and to ensure the survival of the ruling elite. He also argues that the military has been used to promote economic development, with the military often taking on a role in the economy. Finally, Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote a sense of national identity, with the military often taking on a role in the cultural and social life of the nation.

#16. *The military has been used to promote ethnic divisions. Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to promote ethnic divisions.*

In *The Soldier and the State in Africa*, Samuel Decalo examines the role of the military in African politics. He argues that the military has been used to promote ethnic divisions, which has had a destabilizing effect on the continent. Decalo argues that the military has been used to create a sense of loyalty to a particular ethnic group, which has led to the formation of ethnic militias and other armed groups. He also argues that the military has been used to suppress dissent and to maintain the status quo. Decalo argues that the military has been used to create a sense of national identity, which

has been used to justify oppressive policies and to maintain the power of the ruling elite. He also argues that the military has been used to create a sense of unity among different ethnic groups, which has been used to promote peace and stability.

Decalo argues that the military has been used to create a sense of loyalty to a particular ethnic group, which has led to the formation of ethnic militias and other armed groups. He also argues that the military has been used to suppress dissent and to maintain the status quo. Decalo argues that the military has been used to create a sense of national identity, which has been used to justify oppressive policies and to maintain the power of the ruling elite. He also argues that the military has been used to create a sense of unity among different ethnic groups, which has been used to promote peace and stability.

Decalo argues that the use of the military to promote ethnic divisions has had a destabilizing effect on the continent. He argues that the military has been used to create a sense of loyalty to a particular ethnic group, which has led to the formation of ethnic militias and other armed groups. He also argues that the military has been used to suppress dissent and to maintain the status quo. Decalo argues that the military has been used to create a sense of national identity, which has been used to justify oppressive policies and to maintain the power of the ruling elite. He also argues that the military has been used to create a sense of unity among different ethnic groups, which has been used to promote peace and stability.

Overall, Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote ethnic divisions in Africa, which has had a destabilizing effect on the continent. He argues that the

military has been used to create a sense of loyalty to a particular ethnic group, which has led to the formation of ethnic militias and other armed groups. He also argues that the military has been used to suppress dissent and to maintain the status quo. Decalo argues that the military has been used to create a sense of national identity, which has been used to justify oppressive policies and to maintain the power of the ruling elite. He also argues that the military has been used to create a sense of unity among different ethnic groups, which has been used to promote peace and stability.

#17. *The military has been used to promote military coups. Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to promote military coups.*

In *The Soldier and the State in Africa*, Samuel Decalo examines the role of the military in African politics. He argues that the military has been used to promote military coups, which have been a major factor in the political instability of many African countries. Decalo argues that the military has been used to overthrow democratically elected governments, and to install authoritarian regimes. He also argues that the military has been used to suppress popular movements, and to maintain the status quo. Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote the interests of the ruling elite, and to maintain their power. He argues that the military has been used to suppress dissent, and to prevent the emergence of a more democratic society.

Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote the interests of the ruling elite, and to maintain their power. He

argues that the military has been used to suppress dissent, and to prevent the emergence of a more democratic society. He also argues that the military has been used to promote military coups, which have been a major factor in the political instability of many African countries.

Decalo argues that the military has been used to overthrow democratically elected governments, and to install authoritarian regimes. He argues that the military has been used to maintain the status quo, and to prevent the emergence of a more equitable society.

#18. *The military has been used to promote military dictatorships. Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to promote military dictatorships.*

In *The Soldier and the State in Africa*, Samuel Decalo examines the role of the military in African politics. He argues that the military has been used to promote military dictatorships, which have been a major factor in the political instability of many African countries. Decalo argues that the military has been used to suppress opposition, to control the population, and to maintain the power of the ruling elite. He also argues that the military has been used to promote economic policies that have been detrimental to the African people. Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote a culture of violence and repression, which has had a negative impact on African society.

Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote a culture of militarism, which has led to the militarization of African politics. He argues that the military

has been used to promote a culture of authoritarianism, which has led to the erosion of civil liberties and the suppression of dissent. Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote a culture of corruption, which has led to the mismanagement of resources and the exploitation of the African people. He argues that the military has been used to promote a culture of impunity, which has led to the violation of human rights and the perpetuation of injustice.

Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote a culture of impunity, which has led to the violation of human rights and the perpetuation of injustice. He argues that the military has been used to promote a culture of violence and repression, which has had a negative impact on African society. Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote a culture of militarism, which has led to the

militarization of African politics. He argues that the military has been used to promote a culture of authoritarianism, which has led to the erosion of civil liberties and the suppression of dissent.

#19. *The military has been used to promote civil wars. Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to promote civil wars.*

In *The Soldier and the State in Africa*, Samuel Decalo examines the role of the military in African politics. He argues that the military has been used to promote civil wars, often with devastating consequences. Decalo argues that the military has been used to manipulate the political process, to suppress opposition, and to maintain the status quo. He also

argues that the military has been used to promote ethnic divisions and to create a climate of fear and insecurity. Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote the interests of the ruling elite, often at the expense of the people. He also argues that the military has been used to promote economic exploitation and to perpetuate poverty and inequality.

Decalo argues that the military has been used to undermine democracy and to prevent the emergence of a strong civil society. He argues that the military has been used to control the media and to manipulate public opinion. He also argues that the military has been used to suppress dissent and to prevent the emergence of a strong opposition. Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote authoritarianism and to prevent the emergence of a strong civil society.

Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote civil wars, often with devastating consequences. He argues that the military has been used to manipulate the political process, to suppress opposition, and to maintain the status quo. He also argues that the military has been used to promote ethnic divisions and to create a climate of fear and insecurity. Decalo argues that the military has been used to promote the interests of the ruling elite, often at the expense of the people.

#20. The military has been used to promote human rights abuses. Idea Summary: The Soldier and the State in Africa examines the role of the military in African politics, arguing that the military has been used to promote human rights abuses.

In *The Soldier and the State in Africa*, Samuel Decalo examines the role of the

military in African politics. He argues that the military has been used to promote human rights abuses, often in the name of national security. Decalo argues that the military has been used to suppress dissent, to maintain the status quo, and to protect the interests of the ruling elite. He also argues that the military has been used to promote ethnic and religious divisions, and to create a climate of fear and intimidation. Decalo argues that the military has been used to undermine democracy and to prevent the emergence of a strong civil society. He concludes that the military has been used to promote human rights abuses, and that this has had a detrimental effect on the development of African countries.

Decalo argues that the military has been used to suppress dissent and to maintain the status quo. He argues that the military has been used to prevent the emergence

of a strong civil society, and to undermine democracy. He also argues that the military has been used to promote ethnic and religious divisions, and to create a climate of fear and intimidation. Decalo argues that the military has been used to protect the interests of the ruling elite, and to promote human rights abuses. He concludes that this has had a detrimental effect on the development of African countries.

Decalos analysis of the role of the military in African politics is an important contribution to the literature on the subject. He argues that the military has been used to promote human rights abuses, and that this has had a detrimental effect on the development of African countries. His analysis provides an important insight into the role of the military in African politics, and the implications of its use for human rights and democracy.

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